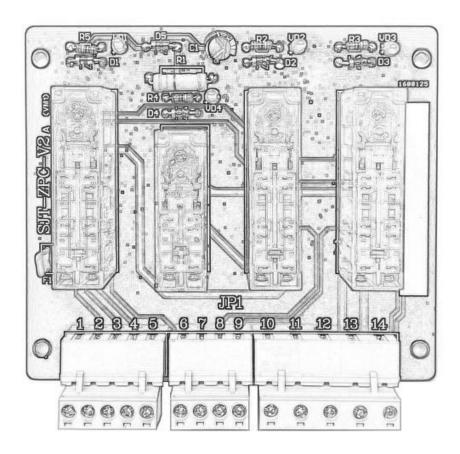
SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1) Safety Board

(Advance Open door & Re-leveling Safety Circuit and Unintended Car Movement detection device)

User's Manual



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1. Foreword

This product SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1) met EN81-20/50 electric component safety circuit regulation. Re-leveling & Advance Open Door function can be achieved by detecting Up & Down re-leveling zone signals at effective area (Unlocking zone), and cooperating with speed detection of elevator main board to short door circuit.

Unintended Car Movement Protection Function: SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1) can detect if unintended car movement is out of safety zone by testing if up and down re-leveling zone signals are effective (Unlocking zone). SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1) safety board cannot detect the status of hall door and car door. The status of hall door and car door will be detected by door circuit, which is composed of safety switches and parallel connected to safety circuit for output. When car move out of unlocking zone with door circuit opened, it will output to cut off main brake of traction machine & additional brake & electric rope gripper & rail clamping & electric overspeed governor & duplex safety gear & etc to stop car and hold it still. This met requirement of unintended car movement detection safety device in EN81-20/50.

2. Attention

2.1 Safety-related

- 1. This device use AC110V input and there's high-voltage area caution on device. When approaching or using this device, please stay high alert constantly.
- 2. To avoid hidden danger from incorrect installation, the installation & debugging & maintenance should be achieved by professional who has suitably train.
- 3. The start and input signals of this device cannot be isolated from dangerous voltage, please cut off power before touching wiring.

2.2 Environment

- This device should be installed in elevator control cabinet, its environment should meet:
 - 1) Temperature: -20° C ~ $+65^{\circ}$ C;
 - 2) Humidity: ≤95% RH, no water drop;
 - 3) Protection level (single plate): None
- 2. While installation, please notice that PCB cannot afford too much force, otherwise it may be broken. And keep it away from conductive material & corrosive gas & flammable gas & metal powder & oil fog & dust & etc.

3. Usage

3.1 Configuration

Chart 1 Product configuration of detection Subsystem

Subsystem Model	SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1)		
Hardware Version	V2A(VM1)	Software Version	None
Hardware Components	PCB & Safety relay & Capacitance & Resistance & Diode & LED & Terminal		
Installation position of sensor	On car top and between level switch	Max vertical distance corresponding to elevator level base plane in detection range of re-leveling sensor	Less than 160mm
Suitable explosion-proof form	Not suitable (Install in explosion-proof cabinet while using for explosion-proof elevator)	Response time of Subsystem	15ms
Suitable subsystem form for trigger and brake	Released status when power on and active status when power off	Test speed	Less than 0.3m/s
Suitable environment	Indoor	Working condition	Temperature: -20°C ~ +65°C; Humidity: ≤95% RH, no water drop

3.2 System Application Composition

Re-leveling and Advance door open function is composed by power & SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1) (short for re-level board) & sensor & elevator control board. It need external switch power to supply DC 24V for re-leveling board. Up & Down re-leveling sensors installed in the middle of up & down door zone sensor connect to re-level board, detect safety unlocking zone and supply safety unlocking zone signals to elevator control board. Shorting door circuit is under main board control. When main board find safety unlocking zone signals and suitable condition for re-leveling and advance open door, it will output control signal and door circuit will be shorted by safety board. Then elevator operates re-leveling or advance open door according to detected signals and running condition.

For unintended car movement protection (UCMP) application, SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1)

safety board is a subsystem of UCMP device, which is UCMP detection subsystem. SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1) can cooperate with main brake of traction machine & additional brake & electric rope gripper & rail clamping & electric overspeed governor & safety gear & mechanical rope gripper and other trigger and brake subsystem. It require trigger and brake subsystem to be electric drive type, to keep released status when power on, and to active status or to-be-trigger status in which it can hold elevator still after power off.

Up and down re-leveling sensors of SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1) connect to re-level board, detect safety unlocking zone. While car door circuit is cut off and car move out of unlocking zone, the output will cut off and break drive circuit of trigger and brake subsystem, then activate brake subsystem to hold car still.

If using brake of traction machine which meet regulation and take part in elevator start/stop with self-monitor as trigger and brake subsystem, we suggest SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1) board. If cooperating with additional brake & rope gripper & rail clamping & electric overspeed governor & safety gear & other trigger and brake subsystem, independent sub car door circuit composed of safety switch should be supplied and parallel used.

3.3 Dimension

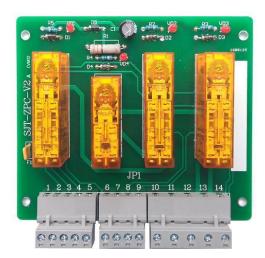


Figure 1 SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1) Appearance

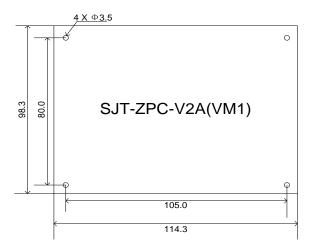


Figure 2 Dimension

3.4 Terminal and Connection

Port	Position	Definition	Type	Rated capacity
	JP1-1	DC24V+	Power	400mA
	JP1-2	0V	Fower	400IIIA
	JP1-3	Up re-leveling door zone	Input	DC24V, 40mA
	JP1-4	Down re-leveling door zone	Input	DC24V, 40mA
	JP1-5	Re-leveling door short input	Input	DC24V, 40mA
	JP1-6	Re-leveling condition output	Contact	DC24V, <5A
	JP1-7	Re-leveling condition output common	output	DC24V, <5A
JP1	JP1-8	Re-leveling door zone output	Contact	DC24V, <5A
	JP1-9	Re-leveling door zone output common	output	DC24V, <5A
	JP1-10	Door short and UCMP output 1	Contact	AC110V, <5A
	JP1-11	Door short and UCMP output 1	output	ACTION, <sa< td=""></sa<>
	JP1-12	UCMP output 2	Contact	AC250V, <5A
	JP1-13	UCMP output 2	output	DC24V, <5A
	JP1-14	Rear door short detection	Contact output	AC110V, <5A

3.5 Circuit Schematic Diagram

In figure 3, it describes connection between SJT-ZPC-V2A(VM1) and main board (MU_V61 series).

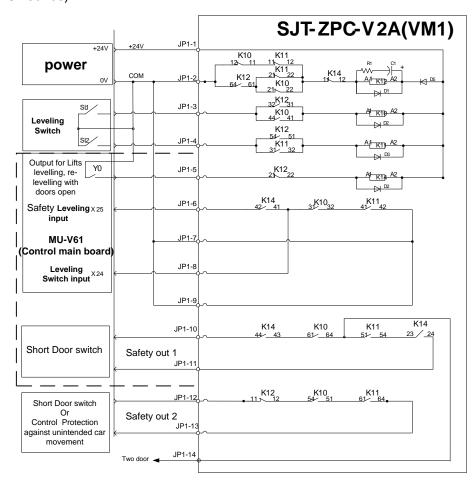


Figure 3 System composition diagram

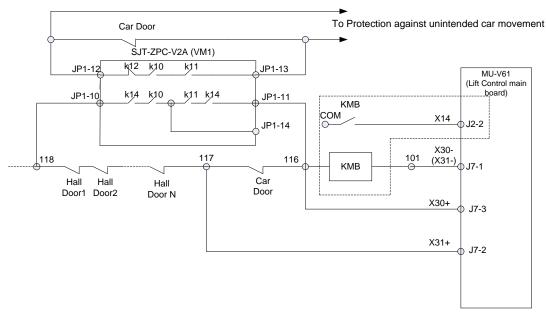


Figure 4 Advance door open & re-leveling & UCMP test & Door short detection control when single door (suit for gearless and geared machine)

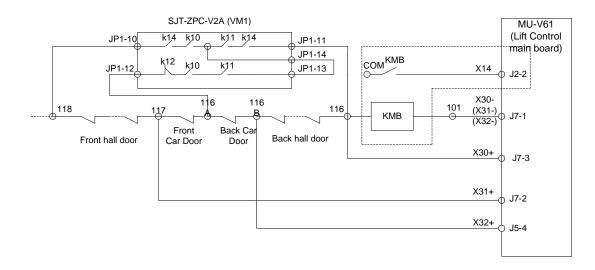


Figure 5 Advance door open & re-leveling & UCMP test & Door short detection control when two door (suit for gearless machine)

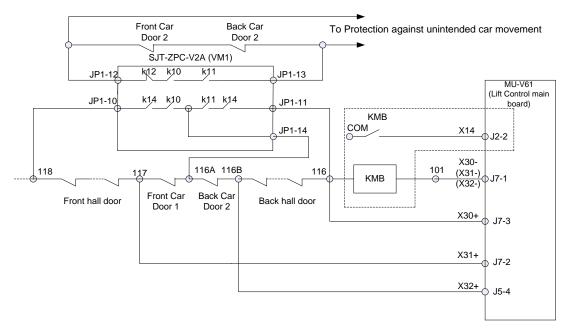


Figure 6 Advance door open & re-leveling & UCMP test & Door short detection control when two door (suit for geared machine)

3.6 Installation of Sensor

When using re-leveling or advance open door function, two re-leveling door zone sensors need to be installed. mq1: up door zone; mq2: down door zone; sl1: up re-leveling door zone, sl2: down re-leveling door zone (require magnetic sensor); each door zone

sensor should be installed in sequence, otherwise re-leveling may run to opposite direction.

Note:

- 1. Installation distance requirement of S1. The distance of S1 should be more than 45mm and less than 160mm; If distance of S1 is over 160mm, it will affect brake distance of UCMP.
- 2. The distance of S2 should be more than 25mm to prevent SL1 and SL2 from false action by mutual inductance.

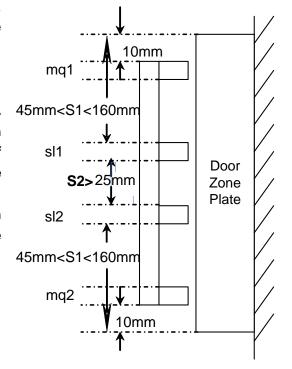


Figure 7 Installation of door zone sensor

3.7 Function description

3.7.1 Advance open door

While elevator arrives at destination floor and decelerates to the speed below International standard EN81 regulation, re-leveling board detect up and down re-leveling door zone signals and cooperate with elevator control board to short door circuit. Then operate open door within safety unlocking zone while low speed running. After stop brake of traction machine has turned off, so it will release door circuit short after car keep static. Time sequence is shown as follow:

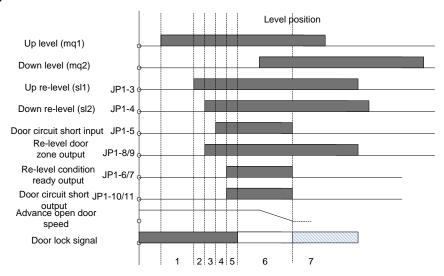


Figure 8 Advance open door time sequence while up running

1: Enter up level sensor; 2: Enter up re-leveling sensor; 3: Enter safety unlocking zone; 4: Control system find safety zone and speed is lower than set value, then output door circuit short control; 5: Door circuit short complete; 6: Control system find all condition satisfied; 6: Control system operate open door in low speed; 7: Stop complete and release door circuit short.

3.7.2 Re-leveling

When elevator stops at unlocking zone, car may deviate from level position because of rope telescopic change by car load vibration or some other reasons. Below the speed in International standard EN81-20/50 regulation, re-leveling board detect up and down re-leveling door zone signals and cooperate with elevator control board to short door circuit. Then start and run back to level zone in low speed with hall door and car door opened. The time sequence diagram is shown as follow:

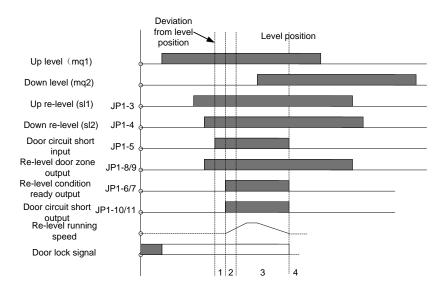


Figure 9 Re-leveling time sequence while up running

1: Control system find car deviate from level zone but still is in safety unlocking zone, then output door circuit short command; 2: Door circuit short complete, system start to run; 3: Elevator run back to level position in low speed; 4: Stop complete, release door circuit short.

3.7.3 Unintended Car movement detection with door opened

When elevator stop at level zone and hall door open with car door, this device parallel connect to door circuit and detect up & down re-leveling door zone signals. If car unintended move out of safety unlocking zone with car door or hall door opened, UCMP output will cut off and trigger brake subsystem to make car stop and hold it still. The time sequence is shown as follow:

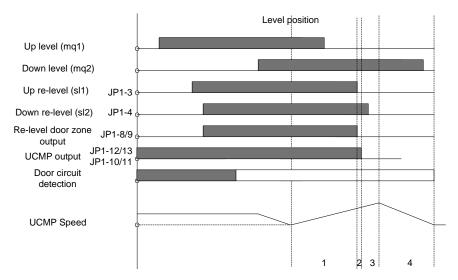


Figure 10 UCMP time sequence

1: Unintended car movement with door opened; 2: Move out of safety unlocking zone; 3: UCMP output cut off and trigger brake subsystem; 4: Car decelerates and stops under the effect of brake subsystem.

4. Maintenance

4.1 Safety Precautions for Maintenance & Storage

🗥 Danger

- ♦ The maintenance should only be done after cutting off power;
- There are high voltage terminals, please DO NOT TOUCH.
- Never reform safety monitor system voluntarily.
- ♦ Only authorized and qualified personnel are allowed to inspect/service integrated controller.
- ♦ DO NOT remove or change terminals and air wire when module power on.
- After maintenance, please make sure all terminals and contactors are tightly secured.

⚠ Caution

DO NOT touch control board directly, it use CMOS IC, please pay attention.

4.2 Daily Check

Daily check normally including:

- 1) Check if the LED indicator is working properly.
- 2) Check if there's abnormal noise or vibration or smell.
- 3) Check if it is abnormal overheated.
- 4) Check if environment meet requirement of product.

4.3 Regular Check

Chart 3 Regular Check (Regular check period is 30 days for this system)

Component Terms for check		Judgment standard
Environment	Check temperature and humidity of	Suit for environment
	environment & vibration & dust &	requirement of regulation
	corrosive gas & oil & etc	2. No dangerous goods.
	2. Check if there're dangerous goods	
	around.	
Sensor	Check if terminals are loose.	No abnormal condition
	2. Check if sensor shell is damaged.	2. No damage.
Wiring	Check if external protection shell is	No damage and ageing
	ageing or damaged.	

Chart 3 Regular Check (Regular check period is 30 days for this system) (Cont'd)

Component		Terms for check	Judgment standard
Control	1.	Check if there's conductive dust and	No abnormal condition.
board		oil.	
	2.	Check if relay shell has damage.	
	3.	Check if there's color change or bad smell on PCB.	
	4.	Check if capacitance has leakage or	
		color change or crack or shell	
	_	expand	
	5.	Check if there's crack or damage or	
		deformation.	
Safety	1.	Re-leveling and advance open door	No abnormal condition
function		work normally.	
	2.	When car unintended move out of	
		safety unlocking zone with door	
		opened, brake device can be	
		triggered properly.	

5. Warranty

In normally using condition, if the device breaks down, factory will answer for repair in warranty period. The product warranty period is 12 months after manufacture. Besides agreement, reasonable repair cost will be charged if exceeding warranty period.

However, even within the 12-month warranty period, repair cost will be charged in the following cases:

- 1. Damage caused by miss-operation not following manual guidance, repair or modify voluntarily without permission.
- 2. Damage due to use outside rated range
- 3. Damage due to drop after delivery or damage during delivery.
- 4. Damage due to natural environment, such as fire, flood, earthquake, etc.